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HAITI IN FUROR

Battleship South Carolina Rushing Under Full Head of Steam to Strenuous Island Republic to Help Extend Protection to Americans and Other Foreigners from Revolution-Crazed Blacks.

ARMED SAILORS ARE KEEPING THE LID ON

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.) Washington, Jan. 28.—Under forced draft, the big battleship South Carolina today is rushing across the Windward passage for Port au Prince, Haiti, to join her bluejackets and marines with the forces of the armored cruiser Montana for protection of Americans and other foreigners.

Left without a government by the sudden abdication of President Oreste, who fled to refuge on a German vessel yesterday, the island republic is threatened with anarchy.

Captain Israel of the South Carolina will be the senior naval officer on the scene and as such will take whatever measures he deems necessary for the protection of foreigners and their property without awaiting orders from Washington.

ARMED AMERICAN SAILORS ON GUARD

Port au Prince, Haiti, Jan. 28.—Armed detachments of American sailors from the armored cruiser Montana were today on guard at the American legation, the cable station and the French hospital. German bluejackets and marines were placed on protection duty at the other foreign legations and at the German stores in the city. Large landing parties were sent ashore from the American and German war vessels yesterday when President Michael Oreste fled for refuge in the German cruiser Vineta after fighting broke out in the streets of the capital.

Firing continued in all quarters of the city throughout the night and there were numerous attempts at pillage of houses and stores but they were quickly suppressed and the city is quiet now.

A citizens' committee of public safety has been formed. It is understood that Solon Meeks, former Haitian minister at Washington, will be selected for chairman of the committee.

MILLIONAIRE AND ROYAL GUESTS GET STUCK

Vanderbilt Yacht "Warrior" Stranded Off South American Coast and Passengers Take Fruit Steamer.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.) New York, Jan. 28.—Frederick W. Vanderbilt and party, among them the Duke and Duchess of Manchester, will come direct to New York on board the United States steamer Almirante, leaving the Vanderbilt yacht Warrior stranded off the northwest coast of Columbia.

Word to this effect was received here today by the United Fruit company from Captain W. H. Devan, commander of the Almirante, on whose boat the Vanderbilts sought refuge after the yacht grounded. In a wireless message sent via New Orleans Captain Devan said:

"F. W. Vanderbilt and party none the worse for mishap. Say Warrior caught on coral reef; believe she can be saved. Party decided continue New York or Almirante."

Due to Colm today, the Almirante will sail thence for Jamaica, and should arrive in New York Thursday next.

UNABLE TO PICK UP VESSEL WITH WIRELESS

New Orleans, Jan. 28.—All during the night and early today the wireless here was silent as to the fate of Frederick W. Vanderbilt's yacht Warrior, which went aground on the coast of Colombia today.

Operators of two companies here heard vessels in the Gulf of Mexico calling the Warrior almost continually, but heard no answer. This was not considered significant, however, as the Warrior's apparatus has not sufficient power to communicate with stations that usually operate with New Orleans stations.

To Amend Income Tax Law. Washington, Jan. 28.—Two bills to eliminate the "collection at the source" feature of the income tax were introduced today in the house. One by Representative Metz had been approved by the New York chamber of commerce. Both were referred to the ways and means committee.

DEATH FINALLY RELEASES AGED EX-SENATOR CULLOM

Passing of Picturesque Statesman Ends Fifty Years of Continuous Public Service; Started as Plough-Boy.

DIES WITH GREATEST WISH UNFULFILLED

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—Former senator Shelly M. Cullom of Illinois died here today after an illness of more than a week, during which he hovered between life and death. His last words were a wish that he might have lived to see the completion of the national memorial to Abraham Lincoln, who was his personal friend.

Since his retirement from the senate last March, Mr. Cullom had been resident commissioner of the commission created by congress to build the \$2,000,000 memorial to Lincoln.

A little more than a week ago he was taken with grippe. His advanced age put his recovery beyond hope but his wonderful vitality postponed the end from one sinking spell to another. He was 85 years old and had a record of fifty years of continuous public service.

The former senator's last hours were divided between spells of unconsciousness and short intervals in which he recognized those at his bed side. Although his wonderful vitality had sustained him from hour to hour, it became apparent early today when he could take no nourishment that the end was not far off. Funeral arrangements had not been made today but he probably will be buried in Illinois.

Later today it was decided to have a brief funeral service at the Cullom home on Massachusetts avenue at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning and take the body to Springfield, Ill., where the former senator's first and second wives and all his children are buried.

Shelly Moore Cullom's death ended fifty years of continuous public service that had made him a figure in American national life and brought him into official relations with every president from Abraham Lincoln to Woodrow Wilson. President Taft once said of him:

"Why, here's my old friend Uncle Shelly; he comes nearer connecting the present with the days of Washington than anyone else whom I know."

As a ploughboy driving his father's oxen over the fresh prairie of Illinois he had known and talked with survivors of the Civil War and on the rugged foundations of a life begun in pioneer hardships of a family of twelve children had built a career that took him to the Illinois legislature as a member; speaker of the assembly, two terms in the governor's chair, service in the national house of representatives, and thirty consecutive years in the United States senate.

His nearest living contemporary probably is "Uncle Joe" Cannon, whose senior he was some seven years by birth and some three years in national service.

Andrew Jackson was president of the United States when Mr. Cullom was born in 1829 down in the Elk Spring valley of Kentucky, near the Cumberland, where the Culloms of Maryland and the Coffeys of North Carolina, drifting westward with the tide of immigration that set in at the close of the Revolution, founded their early home.

"During the year 1828," Mr. Cullom recently wrote to illustrate the epoch in which he began life, "the crash of Great Britain descended from King George, the Fourth, to King William the Fourth; that reign passed away and I have lived to see the long reign of Victoria come and go; the reign of King Edward came and went and the accession of King George the Fifth. Charles the First in France, Francis the First in Austria, Frederick William the Third in Prussia, Nicholas the First in Russia, while Leo the Twelfth governed the papal states, the kingdom of Italy not yet having come into existence. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland had not yet a population of 24,000,000 all told. No man who had not served his country in some capacity in the Revolutionary war had been elevated to the presidency of the United States, and this was the case until 1844."

Times and events in his own country were no less stirring, and his part in them was a marked one. Kentucky was a slave state at his birth, the controversy which was to hatch into a great civil war was in the process of incubation; in fact the Culloms moved to Illinois to be in a free state and Chicago was then a small village. The elder Cullom was then a friend of Lincoln's, recommending the struggling backwoods lawyer to prospective clients. Young Cullom's first recollection of the future war president was under such circumstances. Scrapping together the rudiments of an education gained by toiling over rough primeval roads, he became successively a student at Mount Morris academy, a country school teacher and a lawyer, being admitted to the bar at Springfield in 1855.

When he became city attorney of Springfield he launched upon a political career which for a record of unbroken service is unchallenged as exceeding that of any other American. Among his first political experiences was the novelty of being elected and defeated at the same election. He was elected to the legislature and defeated as an elector on the Fillmore ticket. Then came the historic Lincoln and Douglas debates and Cullom's intimate association with Lincoln, whom he followed into the ranks of the Republican party. He presided over the session of the Illinois house at which, after Fort Sumter had been fired upon, Stephen A. Douglas appeared and made his dramatic plea for the preservation of the Union. During the first of President Lincoln's second term Mr. Cullom came to the national house of representatives and began a work which was practically interrupted only when he served two terms as governor of Illinois. Lincoln was assassinated soon after Cullom entered Washington life and the young legislator was a member of the committee that demanded the return of the president's body to Springfield. Then, when the country began to recover from what seemed a final blow and the reconstruction set in with the Thirty-ninth congress, Cullom became his service with the Illinois delegation and with such colleagues as Congressmen Logan, Wentworth, Blaine, Conkling and Hayes and Garfield, both of whom attained the presidency.

After six years in the house, during which he had seen the impeachment of Andrew Johnson and taken part in the making of a most critical period of American history, he returned to Illinois vowing never again to take office, only to become speaker of the legislature and later governor. At the Philadelphia convention he placed Grant in nomination for his second term in what is said to be the

story of Japan furnishes arms to Huerta denied

Merely New Version of Exploded Tale Declares Statement from the White House Today.

PRAISE FOR BLISS

Washington, Jan. 28.—Fraternally Garrison today writes Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss, commanding him from the "Intelligence, courage, ability and rare degree of wisdom with which he had handled the border situation. Introducing the case of refugees from Oklahoma, "I will be pleased to tell you to communicate the substance of this letter to the officers and men under your command so that they may know how service is appreciated at the front," wrote the soldier.

(Continued on Page Two.)

ARGUMENTS BEGUN IN THE CASE OF MAJORS

Concluding Testimony Most Sensational; Son Alleged to Have Accused Father of Administering Poison.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Alamogordo, N. M., Jan. 28.—Arguments were started this morning in the trial of H. H. Majors, charged with the murder of his daughter, Endora, by poisoning. Taking of testimony in the case was concluded at the night session Tuesday, some of the closing testimony being the most sensational given during the trial.

Mrs. T. A. Garrett, of Alamogordo, by the state in rebuttal, testified that Miss Jennie Sensentaffer had told her that Mitchell Majors had said to her (Miss Sensentaffer) that his father had poisoned Endora and had tried to poison him.

Miss Sensentaffer had a short time before testifying that she had not made such a statement to anyone, and that Mitchell Majors had made no such statement to her.

Mrs. Frank Maxwell, of Alamogordo, testified that she had lived next door to the Majors home and that the family always most devoted to each other.

H. H. Majors, the defendant, was recalled to the stand to tell of his second wife's illness and of the consultation about her condition.

FURTHER CHARGES ARE MADE AGAINST EMORY W. SPEER

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 28.—Attorney General Thomas S. Fielder of Georgia today told the congressional committee investigating charges of official misconduct against Federal Judge Emory Speer that in his opinion bankruptcy estates were wasted in the judge's court. As an alleged instance in substantiation of the charge Mr. Fielder cited the W. A. Huff bankruptcy case. In this case, he stated, Judge Speer allowed fees aggregating \$22,175.

The witness accused Judge Speer of having been invariably partial. "Our most distinguished lawyers," said Mr. Fielder, "never thought of going into Judge Speer's court unless they engaged one of Judge Speer's favorites who could get him ear."

PRIVATE CRITICISED HIS SUPERIORS; FREE BY ORDER OF W. W.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—Pardoned by pay, W. W." With those words written in pencil on a memorandum President Wilson today gave freedom to Private Clarence L. George of the army signal corps, who had served four months of a year's sentence at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for writing letters about his superiors to Secretary Tumulty. The letters George wrote never reached the secretary but went back to his commanding officers who court-martialed him for breach of discipline.

Secretary Tumulty appealed to the president to pardon the man on the ground that failure of the letters he received from General Polk today from Secretary

tary Bryan, Cuban, a wealthy Mexican refugee, is alleged to have been kidnapped on the American side opposite Nuevo Laredo, taken to Mexico and sentenced to death.

SONORA FLOODED WITH BOGUS LEGAL TENDER

Douglas, Ariz., Jan. 28.—Chaotic business conditions in Douglas and other towns in Sonora, Mexico, were reported today to have followed discovery that a large sum of \$2,400,000 of undenied constitutional currency, lost in transit from the printers in New York recently, had been placed in circulation. This discovery was made after the arrest of W. J. French, manager of a store, and his son, who were charged with having refused to accept the new banknotes. They proved that the signatures were forged.

Many merchants are said to have found that their best quantities of dubious paper and reports were distributed that the unclaimed notes had fallen into the hands of unscrupulous officials who had forged signatures and sold them in boxes at ten to twenty cents apiece.

REBELS HAVE MADE AN IMPORTANT CAPTURE

Brownwood, Tex., Jan. 28.—The capture by Mexican rebels of the city of Coahuila del Fuerte in the state of Coahuila together with the lower house of congress by a large majority was greeted with prolonged cheering today by the delegates attending the convention of the United Mine Workers of America. The attempt to curtail the absolute power of the international president by changing the constitution to make the officers of the confederation accountable to the miners instead of being appointed by the president failed.

The city has a population of 25,000 and is the center of a rich mining district. The capture gives the rebels undisputed control of a stretch of 400 miles additional territory in north Mexico.

It was stated today that the subject was discussed incidentally in connection with the argument that the constitutionalists were at disadvantage in the present struggle without ports of entry such as the Huerta government holds. While those of rebels declined absolutely to say what the views of the president were on the subject.

25-YEAR-OLD GENERAL LEADS TEHRAN CAMPAIGN

Ciudad, Ciudad, Mexico, Jan. 28.—General Rafael Buelna, the youngest commanding officer in the constitutional army, left today to assume charge of the campaign against the city of Tepeji. It was stated today that the subject was discussed incidentally in connection with the argument that the constitutionalists were at disadvantage in the present struggle without ports of entry such as the Huerta government holds. While those of rebels declined absolutely to say what the views of the president were on the subject.

THE COURT PROCEEDINGS BROUGHT AGAINST GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS IN SOUTH AFRICA FOR SUMMARY ACTION

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Pretoria, Union of South Africa, Jan. 28.—Court proceedings against the ministers of justice, defense and the interior because of their action in deporting Sooth African strike leaders began promptly today. The government court justice, Sir John W. W. Wessels, granted an application for leave to apply to attach the three ministers for contempt of court.

The judge declared that if he had yesterday possessed the information he now had, he would have granted an injunction against the government from deporting the men.

The miners declared that it would be unwise to print in the Mine Workers' Journal the semi-annual report of the actions of the agents of the international secretary and treasurer no more might be done when the finances of the organization should be kept secret.

Guy Miller, general delegate from the Western Federation of Miners, told of the conditions in the Michigan copper strike zone and declared if the strike were given the support of the 25,000 organized workers in the country they would win. He spoke in favor of the consolidation of the two organizations.

PROBLEMS OF THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA ROASTED

Glasgow, Scotland, Jan. 28.—The annual Scottish labor conference, sitting here today passed a peremptory resolution demanding that the British government release the general secretary of South Africa, because of the deportation of labor leaders at Capetown. The resolution strongly condemns the government of the Union of South Africa for its action.

GOVERNMENT OF UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA ROASTED

Glasgow, Scotland, Jan. 28.—The inquiry into the conduct of the government of the Union of South Africa has been adjourned, whether there are agreements in respect of trade and whether monopoly exists. There is a possibility that the Colorado and Michigan inquiries may be carried on simultaneously by different sub-committees.

Resolutions of investigation pending in the Senate probably will be passed over without further action immediately as the House has voted to adjourn the inquiry.

JIMMY CLABBY HELD ON CHARGE OF BEATING UP A POLICEMAN

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Alameda, Calif., Jan. 28.—Jimmy Clabby, a middleweight pugilist, was held in jail today pending filing of charges as a result of an alleged attack by the fighter and his trainer upon C. E. Lawrence, a policeman. Police officials say Lawrence was severely injured and that if statements regarding the fight are verified a felony charge will be placed against Clabby.

JOHN D. ARCHBOLD LARGEST TANKER

BIGGEST OIL CARRYING VESSEL

Ever Built, Namesake of Standard President Is Launched; Carries Over 67,000 Barrels.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 28.—John D. Archbold, largest oil tanker ever built, was launched here today. President Archbold of the Standard Oil company and many other officials were present. Mrs. M. M. Van Allen of New York, Mr. Archbold's daughter, christened the vessel.

GENERAL VILLA IN JEOPARDY ON BUSINESS

Judge, Mex., Jan. 28.—General Francisco Villa arrived from Coahuila today. He will remain for several days with representatives of mining and smelter interests regarding the resumption of business in the revolted territory. He then will return to Chihuahua, which he rules the provisional capital of the republic, to direct the attack on Torreón.

With General Villa were Raoul McLean, brother of the late president of the Texas & Pacific, and many other officials.

General Villa since his overthrow by General Madero's federal army. Most of the Territorians remained to protect such personal interests as had not been confiscated by the rebels.

General Villa's presence in Juarez will further delay the attack on the rebels at Torreón. Most of the rebels have been sent southward from Chihuahua in readiness for the attack, but General Villa proposes to direct their movements in person.

UNITED STATES DEMANDS RELEASE OF CANTE

Austin, Tex., Jan. 28.—Nelson C. Shaughnessy, American chargé d'affaires at Mexico City, and United States Consul General, Novo Jaredo, have been directed by the State department to demand the release of Samuel Cante, and his return to American soil by Mexican officials.

Secretary Tumulty appealed to the president to pardon the man on the ground that failure of the letters he received from General Polk today from Secretary

tary Bryan, Cuban, a wealthy Mexican refugee, is alleged to have been kidnapped on the American side opposite Nuevo Laredo, taken to Mexico and sentenced to death.

HOPE IT WILL GET COLD; TOO EARLY FOR FRUIT.

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